



დაამოუკიდებელი ინსპექტორის სამსახური  

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OFFICE OF INDEPENDENT INSPECTOR

## **Statistical Report of Activities**

**2024**  
**Firth Quarter**

**Tbilisi**  
**2024**

## Table of Contents

Introduction .....	3
1. General Statistical Information .....	4
2. Statistical Information on the Authors of the Disciplinary Complaint .....	5
3. Statistical Information by Case-Categories .....	6
4. Statistical Information by Court Instances .....	7
5. Statistical Information by Judges .....	8
6. Statistical Information on Disciplinary Misconduct .....	9
7. Statistical Information by Types of Misconduct and Case-Categories .....	10
7.1 Substantial Violation of the Deadlines .....	10
7.2 Exercising judicial authority by a judge under personal interest, political or social influence .....	10
7.3 Judges refusal to recuse oneself or satisfy a request for recusal when clear legal grounds for recusal exist ....	10
7.4 Other Types of Disciplinary Misconduct .....	11
8. Statistical Data on the Decision of the Independent Inspector .....	12
9. Statistical Data on Conclusions Prepared .....	13

## Introduction

A quarterly report has been prepared by the Office of the Independent Inspector, which includes information on the activities of the latter from January 1, 2024, to March 31, 2024.

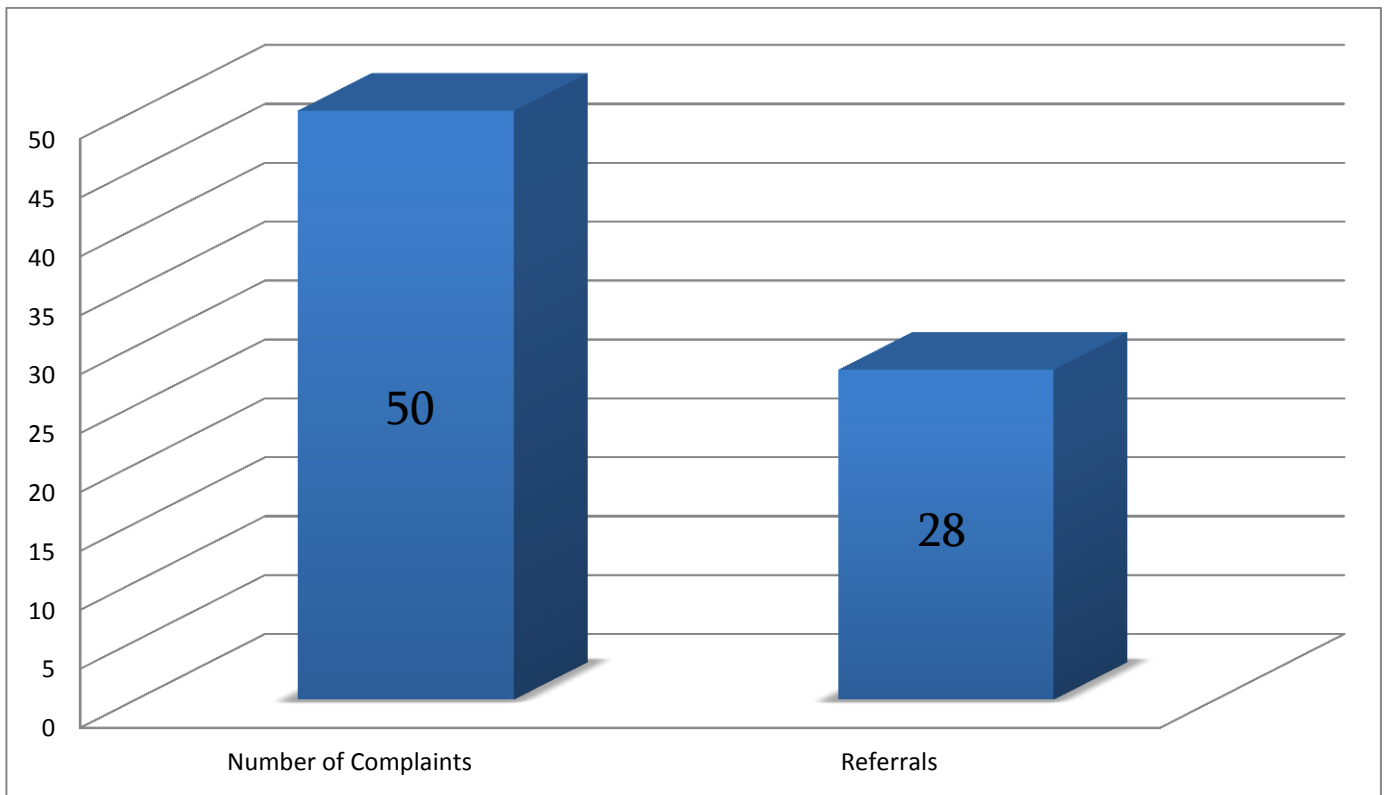
The statistical information presented in the document is processed in accordance with the authors of the complaint, the case categories, the court instances, the disciplinary misconduct and the conclusions prepared.



## 1. General Statistical Information

The Office of the Independent Inspector received 50 disciplinary complaints from the 1<sup>st</sup> of January, 2024 to the 31<sup>st</sup> of March.

During the reporting period, 28 complaints were submitted without fulfilling the requirements of the complaint form, after which the complainants were sent the letter with detailed instructions for filling it out. The authors of the above complaints explained that in order to initiate disciplinary proceedings against the judge on the fact of possible disciplinary misconduct, they had to submit a complaint in accordance with the rules established by the Organic Law of Georgia on Common Courts.



To investigate the complaints, the Office of Independent Inspector sent 91 letters and requested relevant information for the preliminary investigation.

During the reporting period, up to 35 citizens received consultations through the hotline. Each of them was given appropriate advice about the procedures of the disciplinary proceedings.

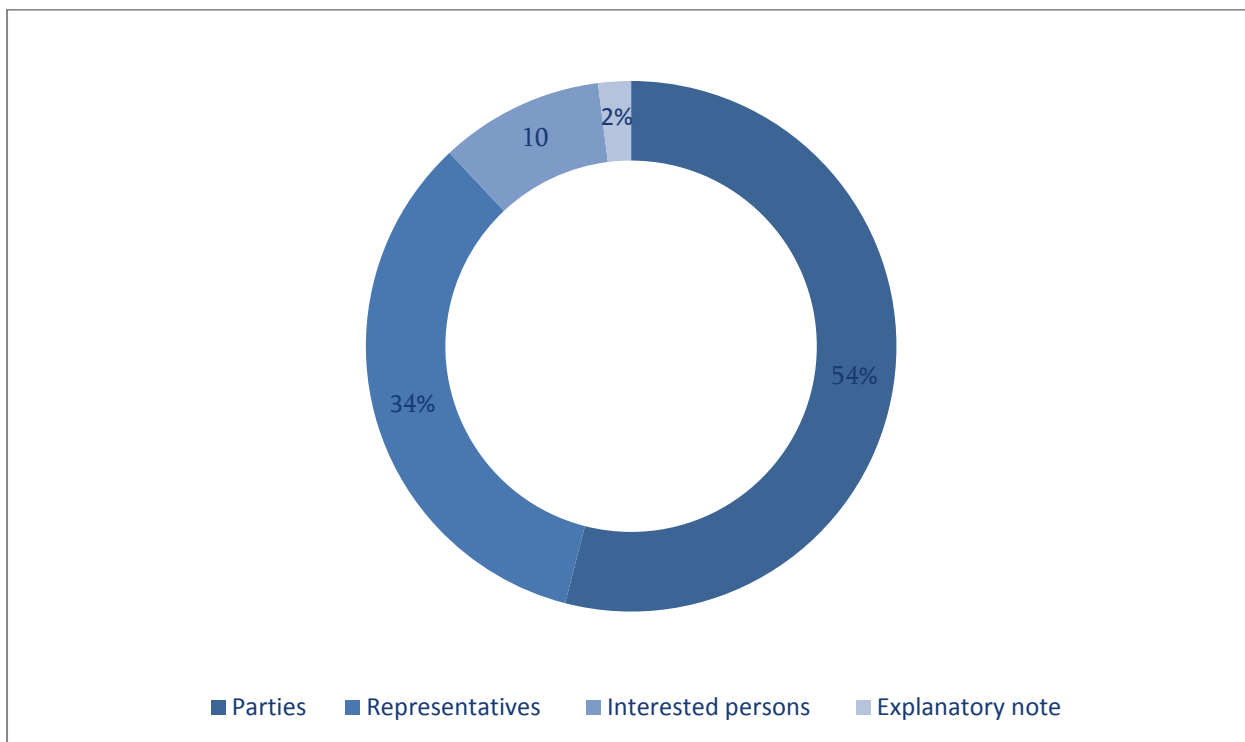
## 2. Statistical Information on the Authors of the Disciplinary Complaint



Statistical information on the authors of the complaints was processed based on the list provided in the Organic Law of Georgia on Common Courts and according to their status in the pending cases at the court.<sup>1</sup>

In the first quarter of 2024, most complainants are the parties of the pending dispute at the court. The percentage of complaints filed by the parties of the pending dispute at the court stands at 54%, the rate of complaints filed by representatives amounts to – 34%, the percentage of complaints filed by interested persons stands at -10%, while the amount of initiation of disciplinary proceedings based on an explanatory note of the official of the High Council of Justice of Georgia is 2%.

During the reporting period, disciplinary proceedings were not initiated based on information stated in the report of the Public Defender of Georgia and provided by the investigative body, also Information disseminated by the media.

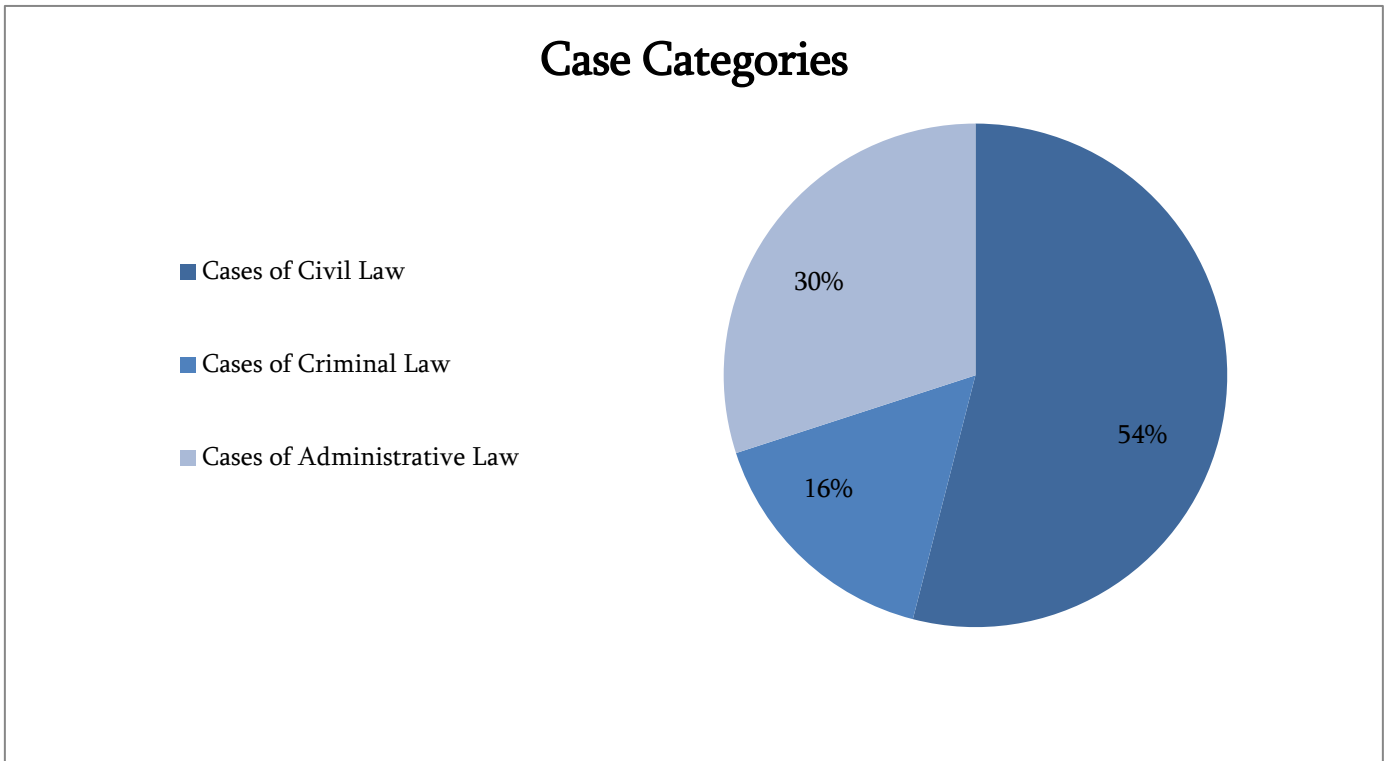


<sup>1</sup> The authors of the complaint are: parties, representatives (legal representatives, persons with representative powers, lawyers), interested persons (family member of the party involved in the case, present at the hearing or any other person), Public Defender. Also, disciplinary proceedings may be initiated on the basis of information disseminated in media and report cards.

### 3. Statistical Information by Case-Categories



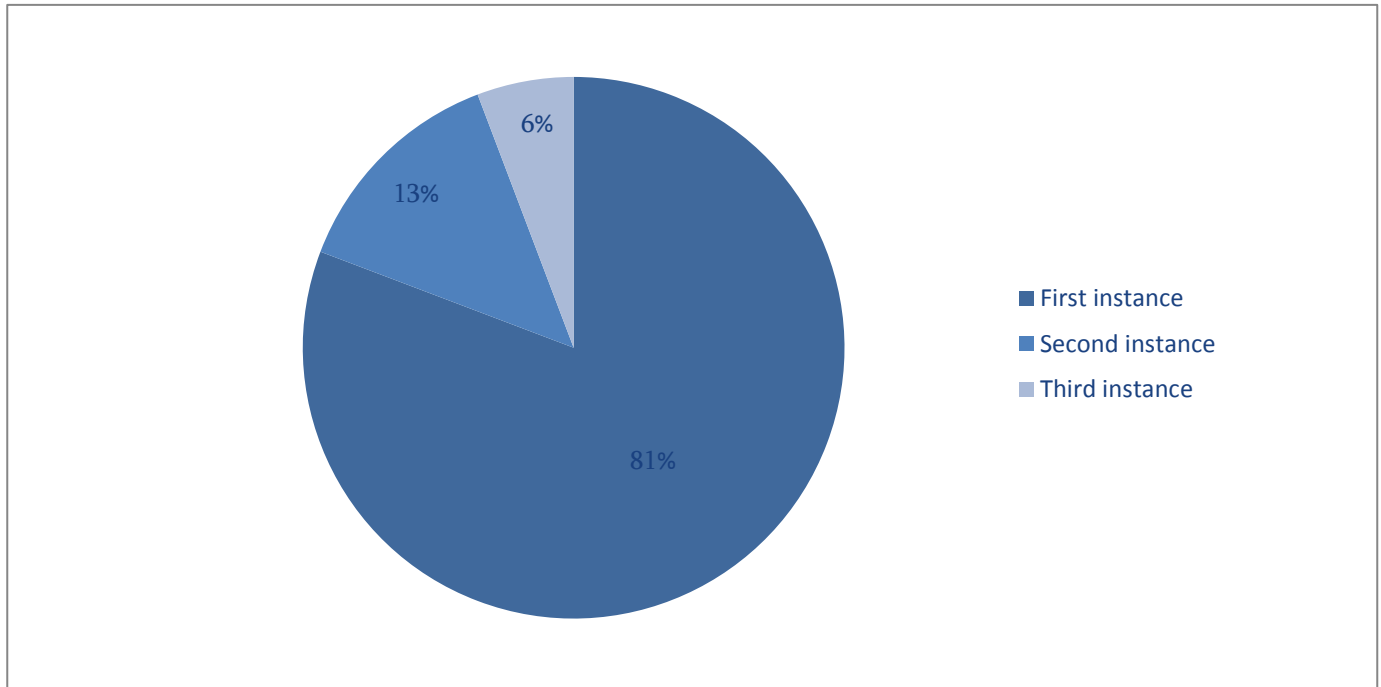
The majority of complaints filed in the first quarter of 2024 relate to civil law cases - 54%. The percentage of complaints about alleged disciplinary misconduct by judges in administrative cases stands at 30%, while the percentage of complaints filed in criminal cases stands at 16%.





#### 4. Statistical Information by Court Instances

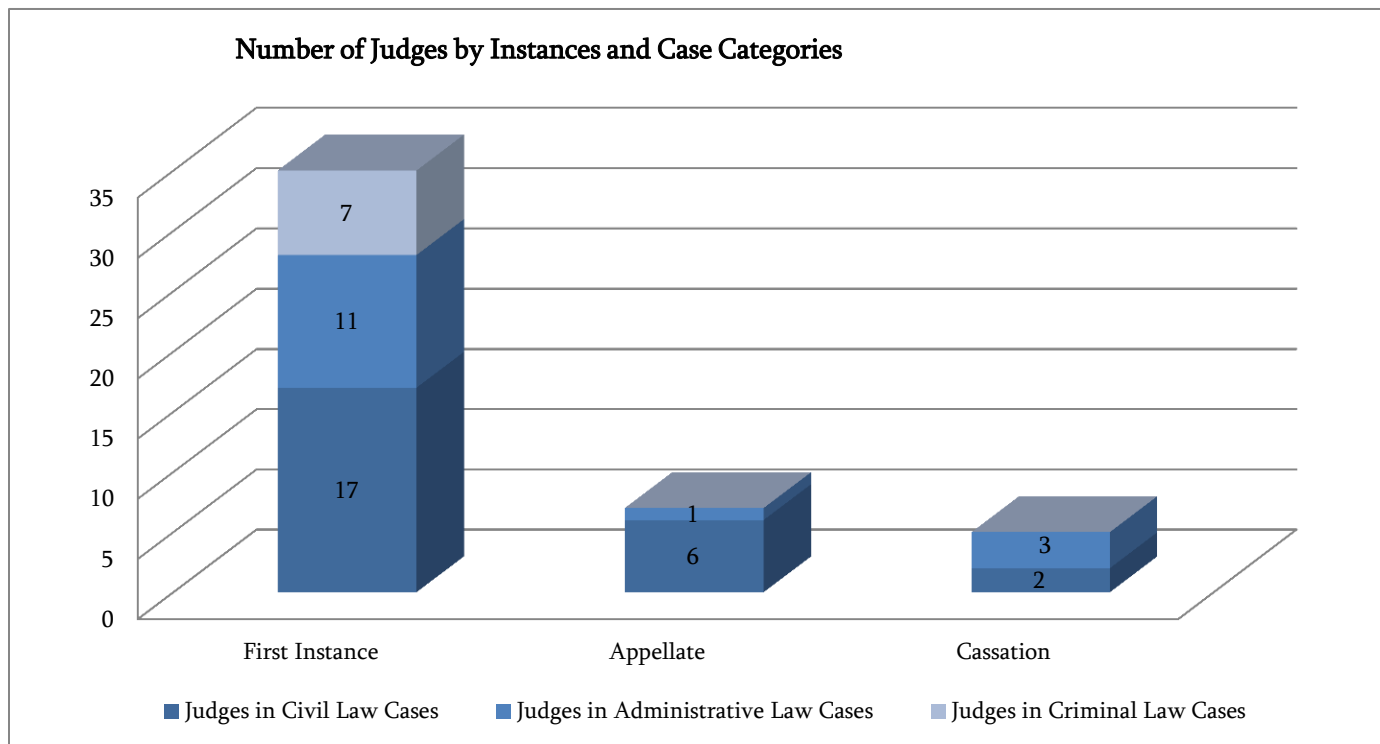
The case study found that in the first quarter of 2024, 81% of complaints concerned the judges of the first instance court, the number of complaints filed against judges of the second instance courts amounts to 13%, while against judges of the third instance courts stands at 6%.



## 5. Statistical Information by Judges



During the reporting period, 50 complaints submitted to the preliminary investigation concerned 46 judges.<sup>2</sup> The number of complaints against judges is divided by case categories and court instances as follows:



Analysing the number of complaints received and the data on judges in the mentioned complaints, can be summed up that 37% of the complaints received, concern the judges of civil cases of the first instance court. The percentage of complaints against judges reviewing administrative cases of the same instance court stands at 23%, while the percentage of complaints against judges reviewing criminal cases stands at 15%.

As for the Court of Appeals, 13% of the complaints were filed against the judges reviewing the civil cases and 2% against the judges reviewing administrative cases. No complaints have been filed against the judges reviewing criminal cases.

Furthermore, 6% of the complaints were filed against the Supreme Court judges reviewing administrative cases and 4% against the judges reviewing civil cases. During the reporting period, no complaints have been filed against the Supreme Court judges reviewing the criminal cases.

<sup>2</sup> It should be noted that some judges review two or three categories of cases. In addition, several complaints have been filed against same judges. Accordingly, the number of judges differs from the number of judges by case categories.

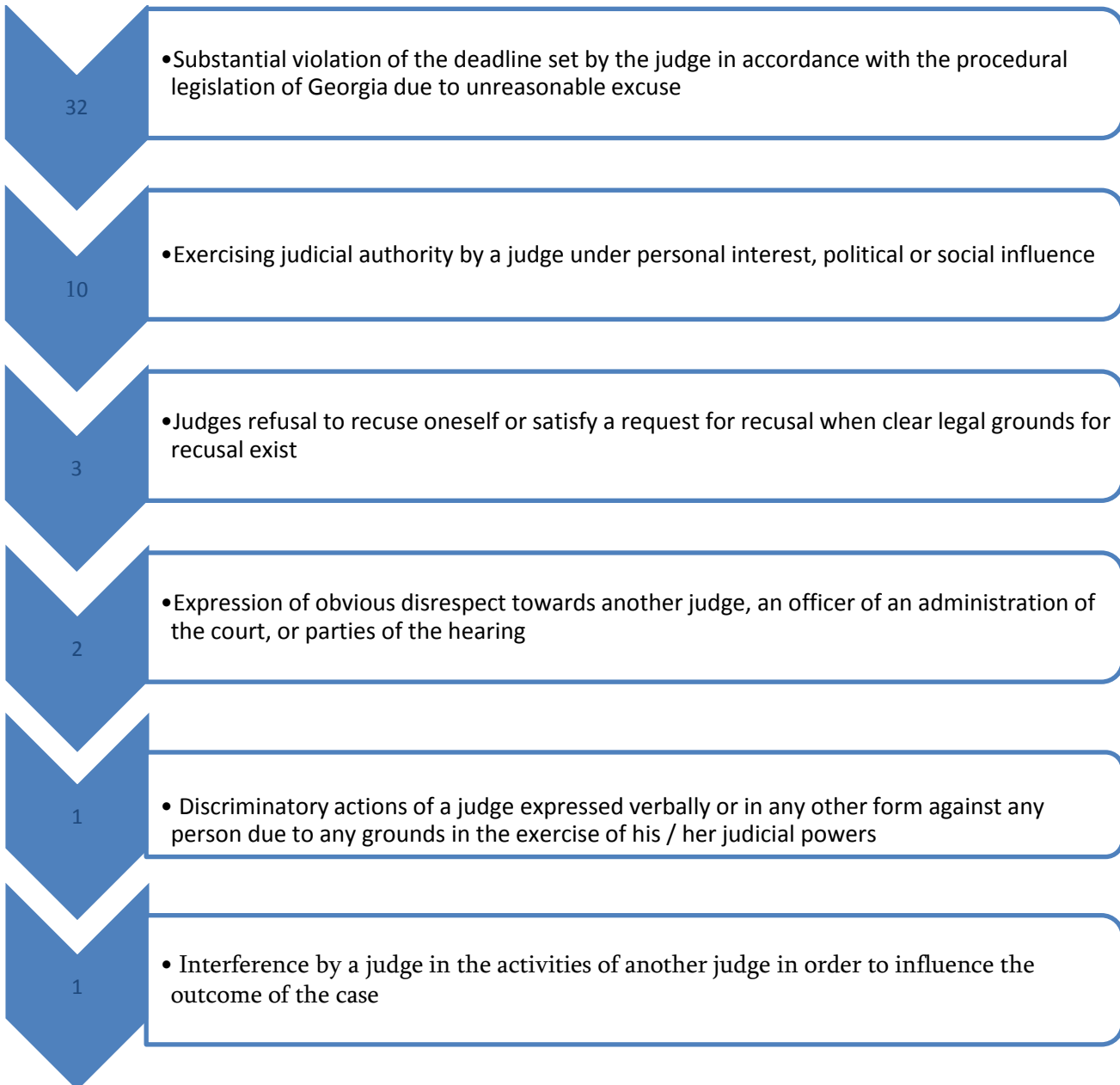




## 6. Statistical Information on Disciplinary Misconduct

Article 75<sup>1</sup> par. 8 of the Organic Law of Georgia on Common Courts sets out 21 different types of disciplinary misconduct. During the reporting period, the complaints concerned only the actions set out in 6 different subparagraphs. Most of them were concerned about the substantial violation of the deadline and exercising judicial authority by a judge under personal interest.

Furthermore, solely legality of the act rendered by judges was disputed in 6 complaints and in 5 complaints, in addition to the latter, the authors of the complaint also pointed out the facts of alleged disciplinary misconduct.





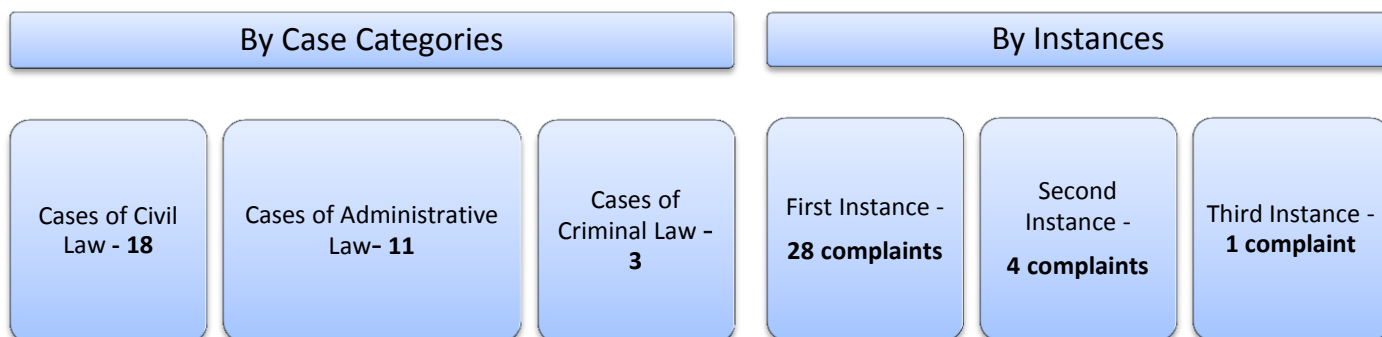
## 7. Statistical Information by Types of Misconduct and Case-Categories

It is important to distinguish the information on types of disciplinary misconduct by instances and case categories, which are prevalent in the complaints submitted. The following chapter presents an analysis and statistics on the types of disciplinary misconduct reported in 42 disciplinary complaints.<sup>3</sup>

### 7.1 Substantial Violation of the Deadlines

A preliminary investigation on alleged substantial violation of the deadlines of legal proceedings due to unreasonable excuse was carried out based on 32 complaints.

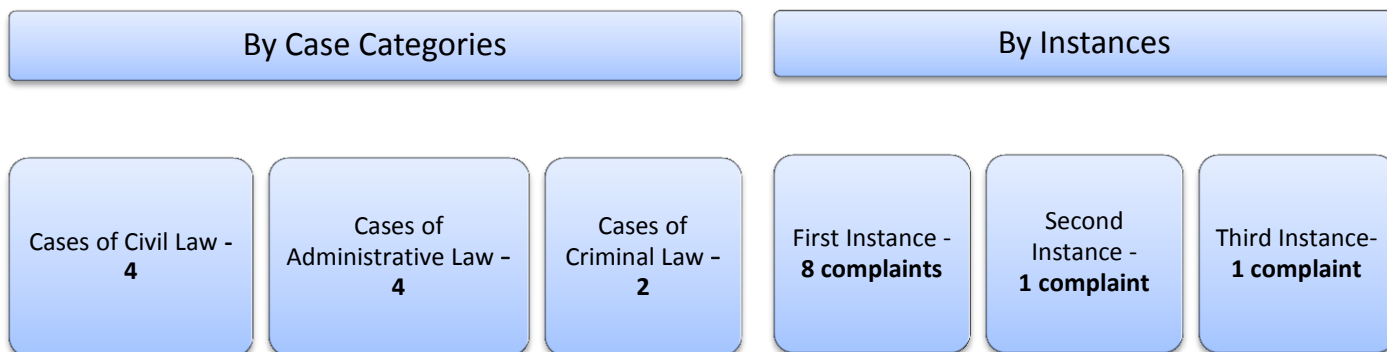
These complaints mainly concerned the first instance judges reviewing all categories of cases.



### 7.2 Exercising judicial authority by a judge under personal interest, political or social influence

The type of disciplinary misconduct – exercising judicial authority by a judge under personal interest, political or social influence has become the subject of the complaint 10 times. These complaints concerned district/city court cases.

These complaints were filed in all categories of cases.

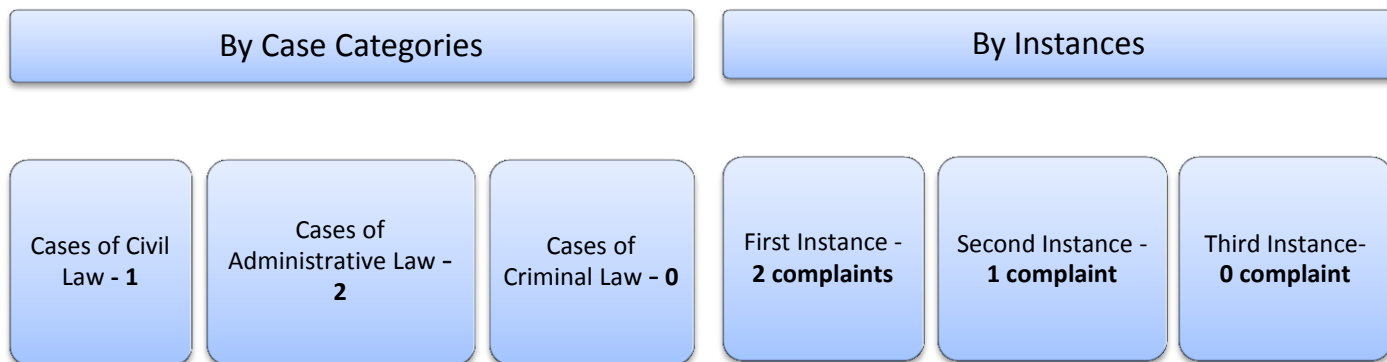


<sup>3</sup> In some complaints, the number of case categories and instances are different from the number of complaints because 1 complaint was filed against a judge of 2 instances of one category, or contrary.

### 7.3 Judges refusal to recuse oneself or satisfy a request for recusal when clear legal grounds for recusal exist

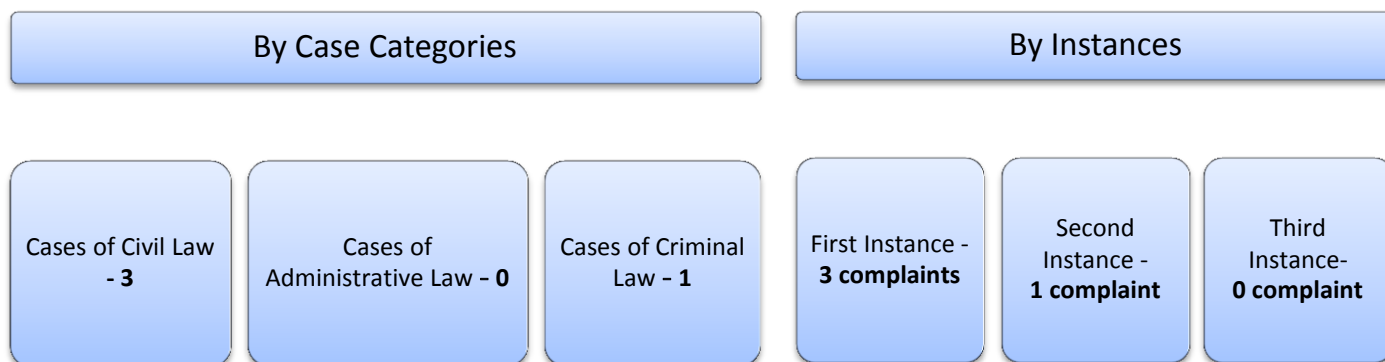
Judges refusal to recuse oneself or satisfy a request for recusal when clear legal grounds for recusal exist – was a subject of 3 complaints.

These complaints were filed in first instance judges reviewing civil and administrative cases.



### 7.4 Other Types of Disciplinary Misconduct

In the Office of the Independent Inspector, disciplinary proceedings were conducted on 4 complaints related to the 3 alleged disciplinary misconduct, such as expression of obvious disrespect towards another judge, an officer of an administration of the court, or parties of the hearing -2 facts, discriminatory actions of a judge expressed verbally or in any other form against any person due to any grounds in the exercise of his / her judicial powers - 1 fact and interference by a judge in the activities of another judge in order to influence the outcome of the case - 1 fact.



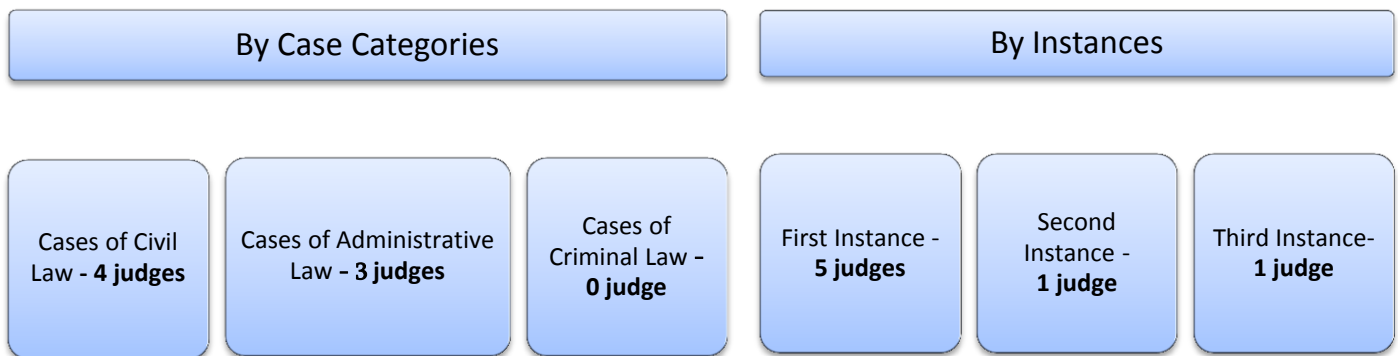


## 8. Statistical Data on the Decision of the Independent Inspector on termination of disciplinary proceedings

During the reporting period, the Independent Inspector made 16 decisions to terminate disciplinary proceedings on 12 complaints<sup>4</sup>. Among them:

- ✓ 7 due to the fact that the complaints concerned solely the legality of the act rendered by judges;
- ✓ 5 decisions on partial termination of disciplinary proceedings;
- ✓ 2 decisions on refusal to initiate disciplinary proceedings as the complaint submitted in violation of the deadline for the initiation of disciplinary proceedings;
- ✓ 1 decision on termination of disciplinary proceedings, as the complaint was filed against a person who is not a subject of disciplinary proceedings provided for by the Organic Law of Georgia on Common Courts.
- ✓ 1 decision to leave a disciplinary complaint unresolved due to the elimination of a fault within a set period.

7 decisions on which disciplinary proceedings were terminated on the grounds of inability to verify solely the legality of the act concerned:



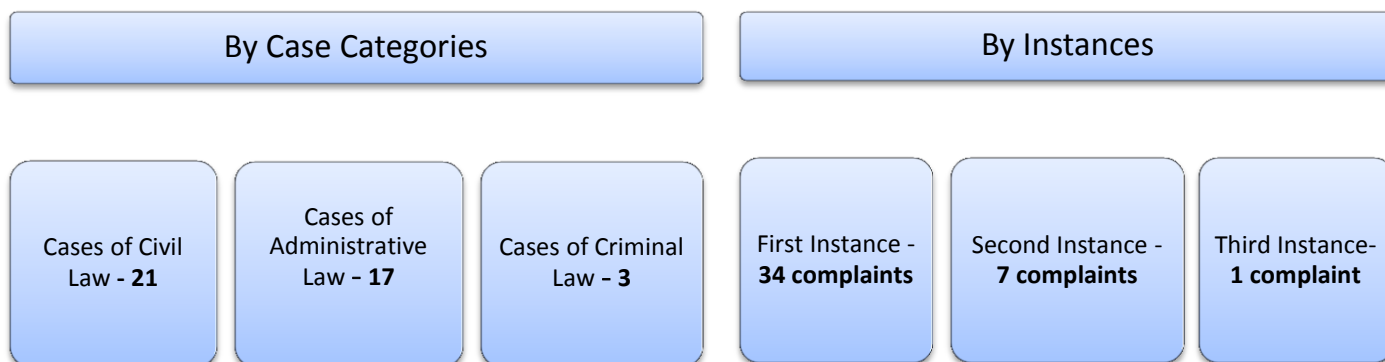
<sup>4</sup> Decisions are made with respect to individual judges. Consequently, the number of complaints differs from the number of decisions made. Also the number of judges according to the categories differs from the number of decisions made.



## 9. Statistical Data on Conclusions Prepared

During the reporting period, an Independent Inspector prepared 41 conclusions against 37 judges. The above conclusions were related to:

- ✓ Possible violation of the deadline -29 facts;
- ✓ Exercising judicial authority by a judge under personal interest - 11 facts;
- ✓ Refusal on recusal – 3 facts;
- ✓ Expression of obvious disrespect towards another judge, an officer of an administration of the court, or parties of the hearing - 2 facts;
- ✓ Discriminatory actions of a judge expressed verbally or in any other form against any person due to any grounds in the exercise of his / her judicial powers – 1 fact;
- ✓ interference by a judge in the activities of another judge in order to influence the outcome of the case – 1 fact.<sup>5</sup>



None of the judges exercised the right to recusal or legal defence, as well as, an Independent Inspector has not exercised the right to self-recusal.

<sup>5</sup> In some complaints, the number of case categories and instances are different from the number of complaints because 1 complaint was filed against a judge of 2 instances of one category, or contrary.